

Math 161: Groupwork 13

1. A spherical snowball of radius  $r$  cm has surface area  $S$  cm<sup>2</sup>. As the snowball gathers snow, its radius increases as in Figure 4.12. Approximately how fast, in cm<sup>2</sup>/min, is  $S$  increasing when the radius is 20 cm?

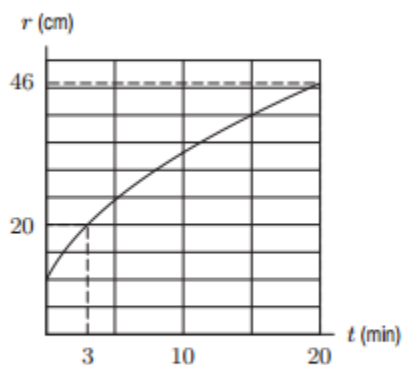


Figure 4.12

- |                              |                               |                             |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (a) $4\pi \cdot 3^2$         | (b) $4\pi \cdot 20^2$         | (c) $4\pi \cdot 46^2$       |
| (d) $8\pi \cdot 3 \cdot 2.5$ | (e) $8\pi \cdot 20 \cdot 2.5$ | (f) $8\pi \cdot 46 \cdot 1$ |

2. A car is driving along a straight flat road when a plane flies overhead. Let  $x$  miles be the distance traveled by the car and  $y$  miles be the distance traveled by the plane at time  $t$  in hours since the plane was directly over the car. At time  $t$ , the distance  $D$  miles between the car and the plane is given by

$$D^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 2^2.$$

At one moment, the car has gone 3 miles and is moving at 60 mph, and the plane has gone 30 miles and is moving at 500 mph. To find the rate at which  $D$  is increasing at that time, you should:

- Substitute  $x = 3$ ,  $y = 30$  into  $D^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 2^2$ .
- Differentiate  $D^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 2^2$  after substituting  $x = 3$ ,  $y = 30$ . Then substitute  $dx/dt = 60$ ,  $dy/dt = 500$ .
- Differentiate  $D^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 2^2$ . Then substitute  $x = 3$ ,  $y = 30$ ,  $dx/dt = 60$ ,  $dy/dt = 500$ .
- None of the above.

The foot of the ladder in Figure 4.13 moves away from the wall at a speed of 2 ft/min, causing the top of the ladder to slide down the wall without leaving it. Label each of the following statements as True or False and give a reason.

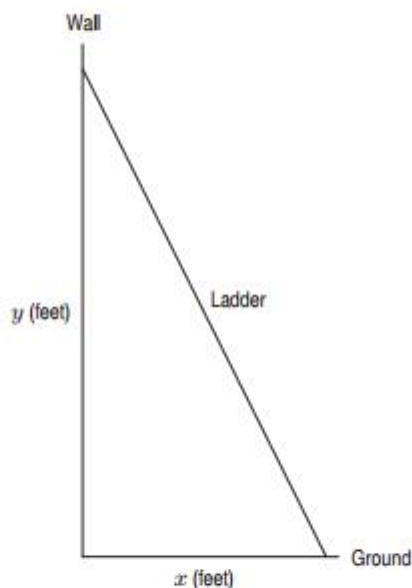


Figure 4.13

- (a)  $dx/dt$  and  $dy/dt$  have the same sign.
- (b) The top of the ladder is moving faster and faster.
- (c) Keeping  $dx/dt$  constant, doubling  $x$ ,  $y$ , and the length of the ladder, doubles  $dy/dt$ .

A student is drinking a milkshake with a straw from a cylindrical cup with a radius of 5.5 cm. If the student is drinking at a rate of  $4.5 \text{ cm}^3$  per second, then the level of the milkshake dropping at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_ cm per second. Round to 2 decimal places.

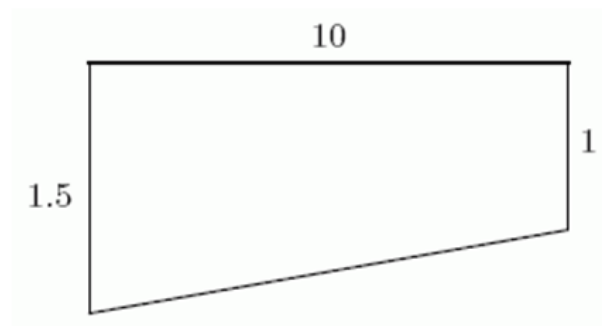
A fan is watching a 100-meter footrace from a seat in the bleachers 15 meters back from the midway point. The winning runner is moving approximately 8 meters per second. How fast is the distance from the fan to the winning runner changing when he is  $x$  meters into the race?

A Brian's candy sugar wand is made from flavored sugar inside a straw. The straw is 210 mm long and 5 mm in diameter. The child accidentally poked a hole in the bottom, making the height of the sugar fall at a rate of 1 mm per second. The child realizes that there is a hole after 1 seconds. What was the rate of change of the volume of the sugar at this time?

$$[V = \pi r^2 h]$$

Frank decided to ride in a hot air balloon. His brother Damien was going to videotape the lift off from a distance of 30 feet away. The hot air balloon rises to a height of 2000 feet in 19 minutes. What is the rate at which the camera's angle should be raised in order to follow the balloon? (specify units)

A rectangular swimming pool is 10 meters long and 6 meters wide. It has a depth of 1 meter at the shallow end, then slopes to a depth of 1.5 meters at the deep end, as shown in the following cross section (not to scale). It is being filled with a hose at a rate of 50,000 cubic centimeters per minute. 225 minutes after the hose is turned on, the water is rising at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_ cm per second. Round to 3 decimal places.



A cupful of olive oil falls on the floor forming a circular puddle. Its radius is increasing at a constant rate of 0.2 cm/sec. What is the rate of increase in the area of the olive oil when its circumference measures  $20\pi$  cm?

A spherical lollipop has a circumference of 7.9 centimeters. A student decides to measure the rate of change of the volume of the lollipop, in  $cm^3$  per minute. The student licks the lollipop and measures the circumference every minute. The radius is decreasing at a rate of 0.18 cm/min. Determine the rate at which the volume is changing when the circumference is half of its original size.  $[V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3]$