## PRACTICE QUIZ II

1. Let $R$ be the region bounded by the line $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x}+6$ and the parabola $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x}^{2}$. Assume that $R$ is rotated about the line $\mathrm{x}=-6$. Using the method of shells, write an integral that expresses the volume of the solid of revolution generated by $R$. Do not evaluate the integral. Sketch!
2. Sketch the region in the first quadrant bounded by the $x$-axis, the $y$-axis, the line $x=\sqrt{3}$ and the curve $y=\sqrt{x^{2}+1}$. This region is rotated about the $y$-axis. Using the shell method, write a definite integral that expresses the volume of this solid of revolution. You need not evaluate this integral.
3. Let $R$ be the region bounded by $y=2 x^{2}-x^{3}$ and $y=0$. Find the volume obtained by rotating $R$ about the $y$-axis.
4. The following integral represents the volume of a solid of revolution. Describe the solid.

$$
\int_{0}^{1} 2 \pi(3-x)\left(1-x^{2}\right) d x
$$

5. The region bounded by the curves $y=\sin ^{2} x, y=\sin ^{4} x$, for $0 \leq x \leq \pi$ is rotated about the axis $x=\pi / 2$. Find the volume of the solid using shells. Sketch!
6. Find a parameterization of the circle centered at $\mathrm{C}=(7,11)$ that has radius equal to 4 . Choose the clockwise direction.
7. How many complete cycles will Charlotte make if she lives on the following parameterized curve: $\mathrm{x}(\mathrm{t})=5 \cos 20 \pi \quad \mathrm{y}(\mathrm{t})=5 \sin 20 \pi$ where $0 \leq \mathrm{t} \leq 1$ ?
8. Find a parameterization of the line segment beginning at $P=(-3,4)$ and terminating at $\mathrm{Q}=(9,9)$.
9. Sketch and identify the curve defined by the parametric equations:

$$
\mathrm{x}(\mathrm{t})=1+13 \cos \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{y}=3+13 \sin \mathrm{t}, \text { where } 0 \leq \mathrm{t} \leq \pi / 2 ?
$$

10. Parameterize one cycle of the curve $\mathrm{y}=\sin 14 \mathrm{x}$.
11. Sketch (using a table) the curve defined by the parametric equations:

$$
x(t)=t \cos t, y(t)=t \sin t, t>0
$$

12. Sketch and identify the curve defined by the parametric equations:

$$
\mathrm{x}(\mathrm{t})=\mathrm{t}^{2}-\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{y}(\mathrm{t})=3 \mathrm{t}-1
$$



Lissajous figure parameterized by $x(t)=4 \sin (9 t), y(t)=7 \sin (8 t+\pi / 2)$, where $0 \leq \mathrm{t} \leq 2 \pi$

The limits of my language are the limits of my world.

- Wittgenstein, Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus

