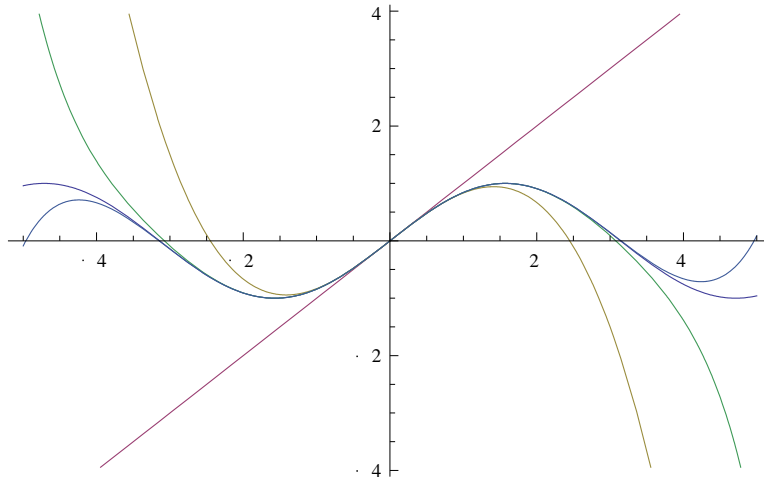


WORKSHEET XVII

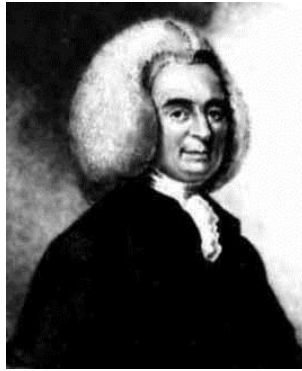
TAYLOR POLYNOMIALS, TAYLOR SERIES



1. Find the 5th degree Maclaurin polynomial of e^{3x} .
2. Find the 4th degree Maclaurin polynomial of $(1 - x)e^x$.
3. Find the 3rd degree Taylor polynomial of $1/(1 + x^2)$ centered at $c = 1$.
4. Find the 5th degree Maclaurin polynomial of $(3x - \sin(3x))/x^3$.
5. Find the first four *non-zero* terms of the Maclaurin series of $\exp(x^2 + x)$.
6. Write the Maclaurin series expansion for $x/(1 + x^2)$ and for $\ln(1 + x^2)$. Find the interval of convergence for each series. What is the relationship between these two series?
7. Using an appropriate power series expansion, compute $\sum n/7^n$. (*Hint*: Differentiate an appropriate geometric series.)
8. Find the Maclaurin series of each of the functions:
 $2/(3 - x)$, $5/(4 - x)$, and $(23 - 7x)/[(3 - x)(4 - x)]$.

9. Find the 99th derivative of $1/(a - bx)$ by using an appropriate power series.
10. Find the *binomial expansion* of $(1 + x)^{-4}$. What is its radius of convergence?
11. Find the Maclaurin series expansion of $1/(1 + x^2)^{1/2}$.
12. Find the 23rd derivative of $1/(1 + x^2)^{1/2}$.
13. Using an appropriate Maclaurin series, evaluate the limit of $(\sin x - x)/x^3$ as $x \rightarrow 0$.
14. Evaluate the limit of $(\sin x - \tan x)/x^3$ as $x \rightarrow 0$ without using l'Hôpital's rule.
15. Evaluate the limit of $(\ln x) / (x - 1)$ as $x \rightarrow 1$ without using l'Hôpital's rule.
16. Evaluate the limit of $1/(\sin x) - 1/x$ as $x \rightarrow 0$ without using l'Hôpital's rule.
17. Evaluate the limit of $(\sin x - x)/(\tan x - x)$ as $x \rightarrow 0$ without using l'Hôpital's rule.
18. Evaluate the limit of $\ln x / (e^x - e)$ as $x \rightarrow 1$ without using l'Hôpital's rule. (Hint: Let $t = x - 1$.)

19. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{x^2} - 1}{\cosh(3x) - 1}$ without using l'Hôpital's rule.
20. State Taylor's inequality. Using this inequality, prove that the Maclaurin series of e^x , $\sin x$, $\cos x$, and $\cosh x$ each converge to the given function everywhere.



[Colin Maclaurin](#) (1698 – 1746)



[Brook Taylor](#) (1685 - 1731)