## WORKSHEET XX

## INTEGRATION OF TRIG FUNCTIONS

1. Integrate each of the following functions of sine x and cosine x:

(a) 
$$\sin^2 4x$$

- (b)  $\sin^3 x$
- (c)  $(\sin^2 x)(\cos^9 x)$
- (d)  $(\sin^3 x)\sqrt{1+\cos x}$
- (e)  $\sin^4 3x$
- (f)  $\cos^5 x$
- 2. Integrate each of the following functions of secant x and tangent x:
  - (a)  $\sec(4x)$ (b)  $\sec^2 x$ (c)  $\tan^2 x$ (d)  $(\tan x)(\sec^2 x)$ (e)  $(\tan x)(\sec^4 x)$

(f) 
$$(\tan^9 x)(\sec^2 x)$$
  
(g)  $(\tan^{10} x)(\sec^4 x)$   
(h)  $\sec^3 x$ 

3. Integrate each of the following functions by completing the square, if necessary.

$$(a) \quad \frac{1}{x^2 + 4x + 5}$$

$$(b) \quad \frac{1}{x^2 + 2x + 5}$$

$$(c) \quad \frac{1}{\left(x^2+1\right)^2}$$

$$(d) \quad \frac{x}{x^2 + 4x + 11}$$

4. By making an appropriate trig (or hyperbolic) substitution, convert each of the following integrals to trig integrals.

(a) 
$$\int \frac{x}{\left(x^2 + 1\right)^3} dx$$
  
(b) 
$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx$$

(c) 
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}} dx$$
  
(d) 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}{x^2} dx$$

5. Using an appropriate trig identity, evaluate each of the following trigonometric integrals:

(a) 
$$\int \cos(4x) \sin(8x) dx$$
  
(b)  $\int \cos(2x) \cos(5x) dx$ 

There was a young fellow called Dan, Who knew all about sin, cos and tan. He talked rather big Of his knowledge of trig – He did seem a clever young man.

- Anonymous



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