## WORKSHEET IX

## IMPROPER INTEGRALS

- 1. Explain what is meant by "improper integral of the first kind" and "improper integral of the second kind." What does it mean to say that an improper integrals *converges? diverges? converges to the limit L?*
- 2. Discuss the comparison test for improper integrals. (Is there a difference in dealing with improper integrals of the *first kind* vs improper integrals of the *second kind*?)
- 3. For which values of p does each of the following converge?

$$(A) \quad \int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^{p}} \ dx$$

$$(B) \quad \int_{a}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x(\ln x)^{p}} \ dx$$

$$(C) \quad \int_{3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x(\ln x)(\ln \ln x)^{p}} dx$$

$$(D) \quad \int\limits_0^\infty e^{-px} \ dx$$

4. For each of the following improper integrals of the first kind, determine converge or divergence. In each case, carefully explain how you obtained your answer.

$$(A) \quad \int_{0}^{\infty} \sin^2 x \ dx$$

$$(B) \quad \int\limits_{2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x + \sin x} \, dx$$

$$(C) \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp(-x^2) \ dx$$

(D) 
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{9 + 91x^5 + 2016\sqrt{x}}{1 + x^8} dx$$

(E) 
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1+e^{x}}{1+x^{1000}} dx$$

$$(F) \quad \int\limits_{2}^{\infty} \frac{\cos^4 x}{x^2 + x + 1} \, dx$$

(G) 
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1 + e^{2x}}{1 + e^{3x}} dx$$

(H) 
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1+x+2x^2}{3+5x+9x^2+19x^3} dx$$

$$(I) \quad \int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x^3} \, dx$$

$$(J) \quad \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{e^x} \, dx$$

$$(K) \quad \int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1 + e^{-x}}{x} \, dx$$

$$(L) \quad \int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\ln x} \, dx$$

(M) 
$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{x^2 + \ln x}{(\ln x)^4 + x^2 + \sqrt{x} + 13} dx$$

5. For which values of p does the following improper integral converge?

$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{x^{p}} dx$$

6. For each of the following improper integrals of the *second kind*, determine converge or divergence. In each case, carefully explain how you obtained your answer.

(A) 
$$\int_{0+}^{1} \frac{11+x^2}{x^3} \ dx$$

(B) 
$$\int_{0}^{1-} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \, dx$$

$$(C) \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}-} \tan x \ dx$$

$$(D) \int_{0+}^{1} \ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) dx$$

$$(E) \int_{0+}^{1} \frac{1+x+x^5}{x^9} \ dx$$

7. How do *little oh* and *big oh* help us to implement the Comparison Test for improper integrals?