

# MATH 351: QUESTIONS FOR CLASS DISCUSSION, 16<sup>TH</sup> NOVEMBER

## MAXIMUM THEOREM; CONTINUOUS MAPPING THEOREM

### REVIEW FOR TEST III

1. (Review) Find four continuous functions  $y = f(x)$  satisfying  $y^2 = x^2$ .

2. (Review) Let  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x = \frac{1}{n} \text{ for } n \in \mathbf{N} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Prove, using the Sequential Continuity criterion, that  $f(x)$  is discontinuous at  $x = 0$ .

3. (Review) [S. Abbott, **Understanding Analysis**, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Springer (2016)]

Let  $f$  be a function defined on  $\mathbf{R}$ .

(a) Let's say  $f$  is *onetiuous* at  $c$  if for all  $\varepsilon > 0$  we can choose  $\delta = 1$  and it follows that  $|f(x) - f(c)| < \varepsilon$  whenever  $|x - c| < \delta$ . Find an example of a function that is *onetiuous* on all of  $\mathbf{R}$ .

(b) Let's say  $f$  is *equaltinuous* at  $c$  if for all  $\varepsilon > 0$  we can choose  $\delta = \varepsilon$  and it follows that  $|f(x) - f(c)| < \varepsilon$  whenever  $|x - c| < \delta$ . Find an example of a function that is *equaltinuous* on  $\mathbf{R}$  but is nowhere *onetiuous*, or explain why there is no such function.

(c) Let's say  $f$  is *lesstinuous* at  $c$  if for all  $\varepsilon > 0$  we can choose  $0 < \delta < \varepsilon$  and it follows that  $|f(x) - f(c)| < \varepsilon$  whenever  $|x - c| < \delta$ . Find an example of a function that is *lesstinuous* on  $\mathbf{R}$  that is nowhere *equaltinuous*, or explain why there is no such function.

(d) Is every *lesstinuous* function continuous? Is every continuous function *lesstinuous*? Explain.

4. (Review) Assume that  $f$  and  $g$  are defined on all of  $\mathbf{R}$ , and that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow p} f(x) = q$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow q} g(x) = r$ .

Give a counterexample to  $\lim_{x \rightarrow p} g(f(x)) = r$

5. State the Intermediate Value Property.

6. Prove that if  $f(x)$  is strictly monotone and has the IVP on  $[a, b]$ , then  $f$  is continuous on  $[a, b]$ .

7. State and sketch the proof of the Inverse Function Theorem.

8. Define sequentially compact for a subset of  $\mathbf{R}$ . Give examples of sets that are not sequentially compact.

9. State and prove the **Sequential Compactness theorem**.

10. State and prove the **Boundedness theorem**.

11. State and prove the **Maximum theorem**.

12. Give an example of a continuous function on  $(0, 1]$  with no max nor min on this interval, but which does not have the limit  $\infty$  or  $-\infty$  as  $x \rightarrow 0^+$ .

13. State the **Continuous mapping theorem**.

