MATH 161 PRACTICE FINAL EXAM B

PART I (3 pts each) Answer any ten of the following eleven questions. You need not justify your answer. You may answer all eleven to obtain extra credit.

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{(2n^3 + n + 1)^2}{(2n^2 + 5)^3} =$$

$$\int_{-5}^{5} \sqrt{25 - x^2} \, dx =$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \ln(\cos x) =$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \ln(\cos x) = \frac{1}{2} \sin(e^{t^2}) \, dt \, \text{Compute h'(1)}.$$

$$\frac{d^{55}}{dx^{55}} \sin x =$$

6. Assume that a, b, and c are non-zero constants. Then

$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{(at+b)^2}{c} dt =$$

7. Find an *anti-derivative* of

$$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{x^2}$$

8. Find an anti-derivative of:

$$\frac{x}{x+5}$$

- 9. Let $G(x) = e^{9x} + 13$. Find a general formula for $G^{(k)}(0)$, the kth derivative of *G* evaluated at x = 0, where $k \ge 1$.
- 10. Suppose that *f* is defined and twice differentiable on the interval (0, 98). If f'(9) = 0 and f''(9) = 43, what, if anything, can you conclude about the point x = 9? (For example, is it a point of inflection, a local maximum, a global minimum, etc.?)

11.
$$\frac{d}{dx} x^{\ln x} =$$

PART II (7 pts each)

Answer any 9 of the following 11 problems. You may answer more than eight for extra credit.

1. Use implicit differentiation to find dy/dx, where y is given implicitly as a function of x by the following equation:

$$x^3 + 4xy - 3y^{\frac{4}{3}} = 2x$$

Show that the tangents to the curve $y = \pi \frac{\sin x}{x}$ at the points $x = \pi$ and $x = -\pi$, respectively, are 2.

perpendicular.

The impedance Z (ohms) in a series circuit is related to the resistance R (ohms) and reactance X 3. (ohms) by the equation $Z = \sqrt{R^2 + X^2}$. If R is increasing at 3 ohms/sec and X is decreasing at 2 ohms/sec, at what rate is Z changing when R = 10 ohms and X = 20 ohms?

4. Given the function $f(x) = x \ln(2x) - x$ on the closed interval $\left[\frac{1}{2e}, \frac{e}{2}\right]$, find the global extrema and points of inflection and use this information to sketch the graph.

5. For which value or values of the constant k will the curve $y = x^3 + kx^2 + 3x - 4$ have exactly one horizontal tangent?

6. Using an appropriate substitution, evaluate the following definite integral:

$$\int_{1}^{4} \frac{dx}{2\sqrt{x}(1+\sqrt{x})^2}$$

7. Sketch the graph of the function $y = \frac{(x+1)^2}{1+x^2}$. Locate any and all local extrema and points of inflection.

8. You are designing a 1000 cm³ cylindrical can whose manufacture will take waste into account. There is no waste in cutting the aluminum for the side, but the top and bottom of radius r will be cut from squares that measure 2r units on a side. The total amount of aluminum used up by the can will therefore be

$$A = 8r^2 + 2\pi rh.$$

Find the ratio of h to r for the most economical can.

9. It costs Albertine c dollars to manufacture and distribute backpacks. If the backpacks sell at x dollars each, the number sold is given by

$$n = \frac{a}{x-c} + b(100-x)$$

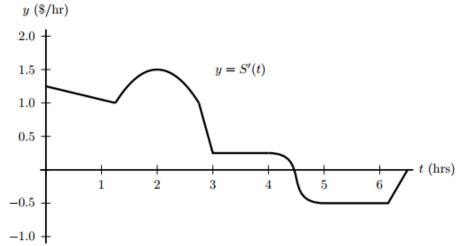
where a and b are positive constants. What will the selling price yield a maximum profit for Albertine?

10. Using the FTC, find the area bounded by the curve $y = x^2(x - 4)^2$ and the x-axis. Sketch.

11. (University of Michigan)

[8 points] Suppose that a new company named Calculus Knowledge, which provides calculus consulting work, was posted on the New York Stock Exchange over the summer. Let S(t) be a continuous and differentiable function that models the price, in dollars, of one share of Calculus Knowledge stock t hours after 9:30 am on October 6, 2014.

The graph of S'(t) for $0 \le t \le 6.5$ is shown below.



Note: The graph above is the graph of S'(t). It is **not** the graph of S(t).

a. [2 points] Estimate when the price of the stock is rising most quickly on October 6, 2014.

Answer:

b. [2 points] According to the model S(t), at which of the times 10 am, 11 am, 12 noon, and 1 pm was the price of one share of Calculus Knowledge stock the <u>lowest</u> on October 6, 2014?

Circle ONE time or circle CANNOT BE DETERMINED if the answer cannot be determined from the information provided.

10 am 11 am 12 noon 1 pm CANNOT BE DETERMINED

c. [2 points] On which, if any, of the following intervals does it appear that the function S(t) is always decreasing? Circle ALL correct choices or circle NONE OF THESE if appropriate.

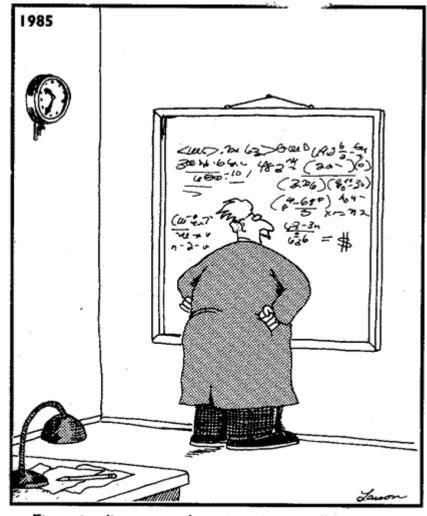
0 < t < 1 2 < t < 3 4 < t < 5 5 < t < 6 none of these

d. [2 points] On which, if any, of the following intervals does it appear that S(t) is linear? Circle ALL correct choices or circle NONE OF THESE if appropriate.

0 < t < 1 1 < t < 2 3 < t < 4 5 < t < 6 none of these

In the beginning (if there was such a thing), God created Newton's laws of motion together with the necessary masses and forces. This is all; everything beyond this follows from the development of appropriate mathematics methods by means of deduction.

- Albert Einstein



Einstein discovers that time is actually money.