

1. Solve the following system of linear equations. Show your work

$$8x + 3y = 39 \text{ (Eqn 1)}$$

$$2x - 5y = -19 \text{ (Eqn 2)}$$

Solution: Multiply the second equation by -4 to obtain

$$-8x + 20y = 76 \text{ (Eqn 3)}$$

Adding equations 1 and 3, we obtain

$$23y = 115$$

Hence $y = 5$. Substituting $y = 5$ into equation (1), we obtain $8x + 15 = 39$. So $x = 3$.

Answer: $x = 3, y = 5$

2. Let $f(x) = 3x^2$ and $g(x) = \frac{2x}{4-x}$. Find and simplify each of the following

(a) $f(-3) = 3(-3)^2 = 27$

(b) $g(5) = \frac{2(5)}{4-5} = -10$

(c) $f(a - 2) = 3(a - 2)^2$ or $3(a^2 - 4a + 4)$

(d) $g\left(\frac{1}{t}\right) = \frac{2\left(\frac{1}{t}\right)}{4-\frac{1}{t}} = \frac{\frac{2}{t}}{\frac{4t-1}{t}} = \frac{2}{t} \left(\frac{t}{4t-1}\right) = \frac{2}{4t-1}$

(e) Solve for x when $f(x) = 27$.

Solution: Since $f(x) = 27$, $3x^2 = 27$, so $x^2 = 9$. Thus $x = \pm 3$

(f) Solve for x when $g(x) = 6$.

Solution: Since $g(x) = 6$, $\frac{2x}{4-x} = 6$. Thus $2x = 6(4 - x)$, $x = 3(4 - x)$, $x = 12 - 3x$, $4x = 12$. Finally $x = 3$.

3. An epidemic of influenza spreads through a city. Figure 2.9 is the graph of $I = f(w)$, where I is the number of individuals (in thousands) infected w weeks after the epidemic begins.

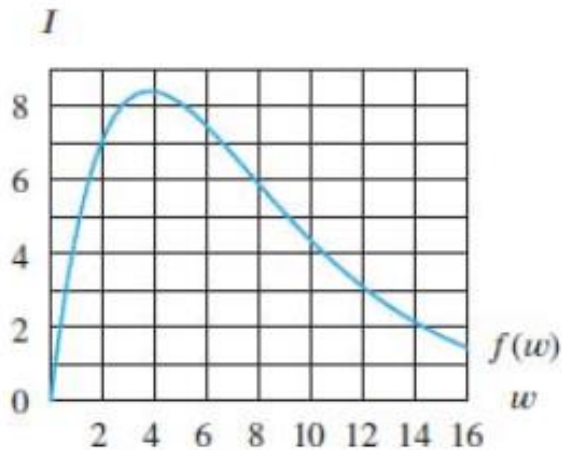


Figure 2.9

- (a) Evaluate $f(2)$ and explain its meaning in terms of the outbreak.

Answer: $f(2) = 7$. This means that at 2 weeks since the beginning of the epidemic equals 7000 people.

- (b) Approximately how many people were infected at the height of the epidemic? When did that occur? Write your answer in the form $f(a) = b$.

Answer: The peak of 8500 individuals appears to be in week 4. That is, $f(4) = 8.5$.

- (c) Solve $f(w) = 4.5$ and explain what the solutions mean in terms of the epidemic.

Answer: It appears from the graph that 4,500 individuals are infected after one week as well as after 10 weeks.

- (d) The graph used $f(w) = 6w(1.3)^w$. Use the graph to estimate the solution of the inequality $6w(1.3)^w \geq 6$. Explain what the solution means in terms of the epidemic.

Answer: Note that $f(w)$ is the y-coordinate of the graph for each given w . The inequality $f(w) \geq 6$ means that during this time interval, at least 6,000 people have been infected. This is roughly between $w = 1.5$ and $w = 7.8$.